Pharmaceutical Regulations in Japan

(MF System, Accreditation of Foreign Manufacturing Site, GMP Inspection etc.)

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April 22, 2010

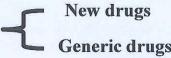
This is a tentative translation for the convenience of participants in this seminar.

Drugs, quasi drugs, medical devices etc.



Regulated under the Pharmaceutical Affairs Law (Law No. 145, 1960)

Ethical drugs



OTC drugs

Quasi drugs









Medical devices





Key points in the 2002 revision of the Pharmaceutical Affairs Law etc.

July 31, 2002 Revised Pharmaceutical Affairs Law was proclaimed (April 1, 2005 Took full effect)

 Improved post-marketing safety measures and changed approval and license systems

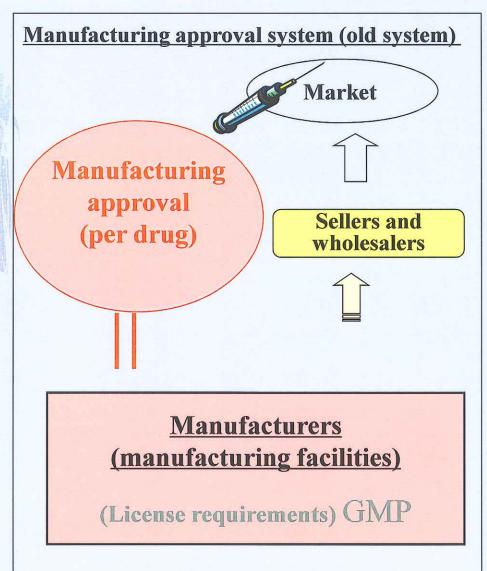
(Shifted to marketing approval and license systems, introduced minor change notification system etc.)

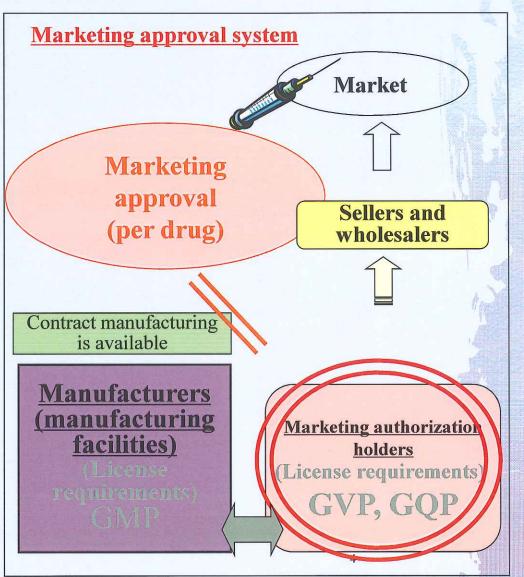
• Introduced Master File (MF) registration system etc.

April 1, 2004 Law for the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency took effect

PDMA was established; Changed the approval review system (entrusted with PMDA)

Approval & License System following the 2002 Revision

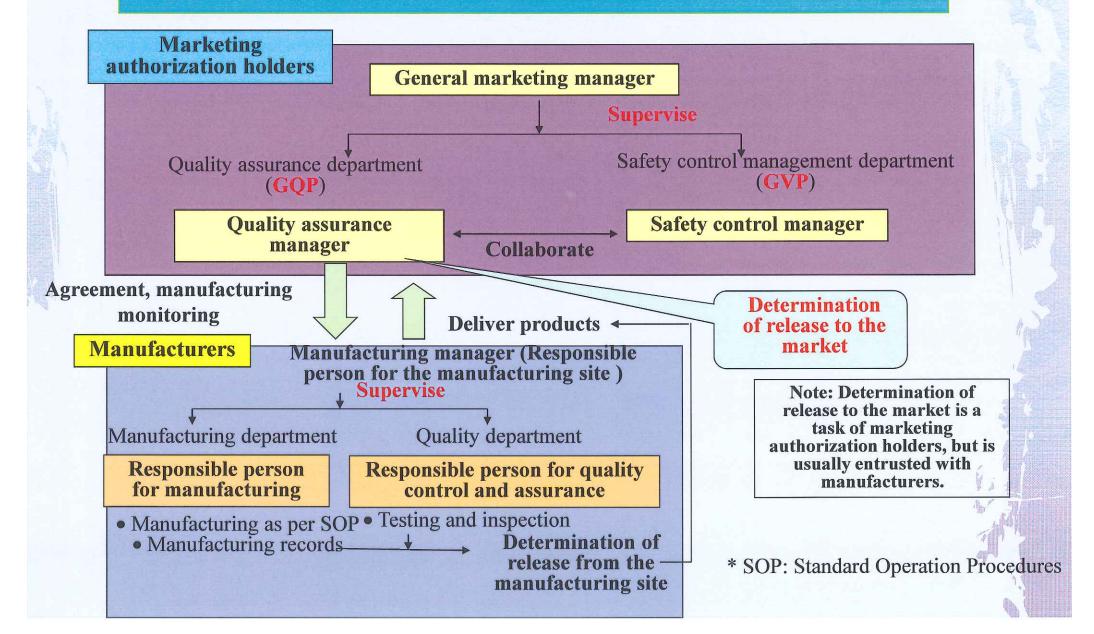




Regulations concerning the marketing of drugs

- O"Marketing" refers to the marketing and/or provision of manufactured (which includes contract manufacturing) and/or imported pharmaceutical products (which excludes APIs).
- O Marketing authorization holders of pharmaceutical products shall be responsible from their manufacturing through to post-marketing, under provisions of the Pharmaceutical Affairs Law.

Collaboration between Marketing Approval Holders and Manufacturers



For the marketing of pharmaceutical products

O License for marketing authorization holder is required

Obtain license by demonstrating that the business entity is capable of responsible manufacturing, quality control and post-marketing safety control of pharmaceutical products.

O Marketing approval is required

Collect data on the quality, efficacy and safety of pharmaceutical products, receive review, and obtain approval as pharmaceutical products by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare etc.

(O For in-house manufacturing of pharmaceutical products, license for manufacturer is also required for each manufacturing site.)

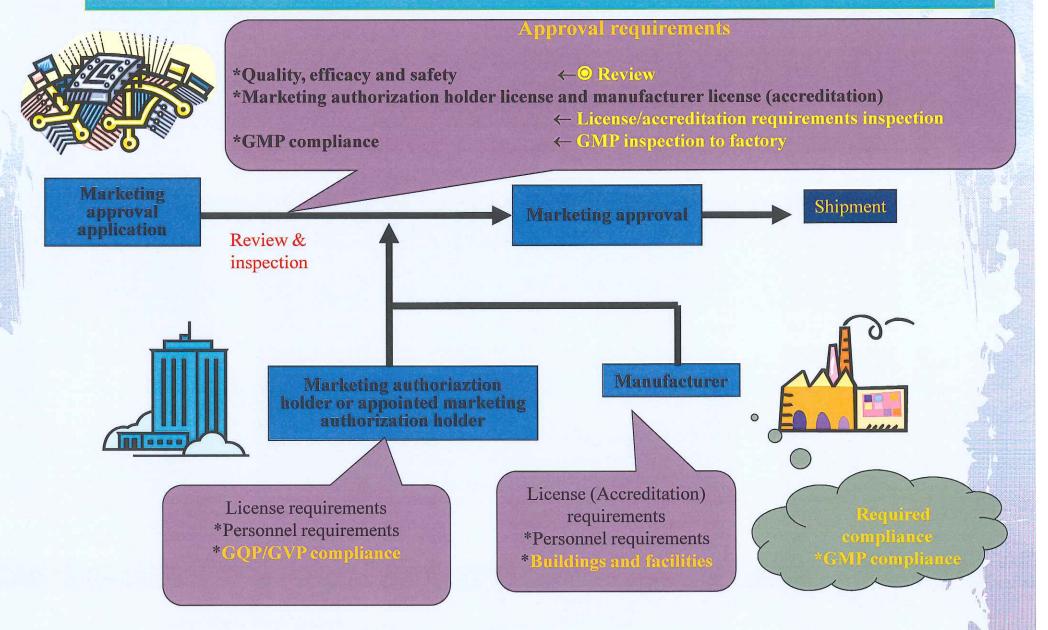
Marketing approval requirements for pharmaceutical products (Section 2, Article 14 of the Law)

- O Manufacturing sites satisfy the compliance with standards for manufacturing control and quality control (GMP: Good Manufacturing Practice)
- O License for marketing authorization holder
- O License (accreditation) for manufacturer at each manufacturing site
- O Quality, efficacy and safety of pharmaceutical products



In addition to the conventional emphasis on specifications, detailed description is also required on manufacturing methods under the Revised Pharmaceutical Affairs Law

Marketing approval and its requirements



Specific description example in the manufacturing method Column

Step1 (Critical process)

Scope of minor change notification

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Stir 2 - (1 - Triphenylmethyl - 1H - tetrasol - 5 - yl) - 4' - bromomethylbiphenyl [1] <(21.6 kg) >, 2 - formyl - 5 - [(1E, 3E) - 1, 3 - pentadienyl] - 1H - imidazol [2] <(6.9 kg) >, potassium carbonate <(11.8 kg) >, and dimethylformaldehyde <(60 L) > for <24 hours at 25°C >. Add sodium borohydride <(3.2 kg) >, and stir for another <24 hours at 25°C >. Filter the reacted solution and remove the insolubles. Apply vacuum concentration to the filtrate. Add to the residuals water <(50 L) >, and extract with acetic ether <(50 L) >. Wash the organic layer with water <(50 L) > and "10% saline" <(30 L) >. Apply vacuum concentration to the organic layer to approximately half the volume. Stir residuals for <3 hours at 5°C >. Apply centrifugal separation to precipitated crystals, and clean them with acetic ether <(10 L) >. Apply vacuum drying to the crystals for eight to ten hours <<40°C >>, and obtain 1 - [2' - (1 - trityl - 1H - tetrasol - 5 - yl) - 4 / biphenylmethyl] - 5 - [(1E, 3E) - 1, 3 - pentadienyl] - 2 - hydroxymethylimidazol [3].
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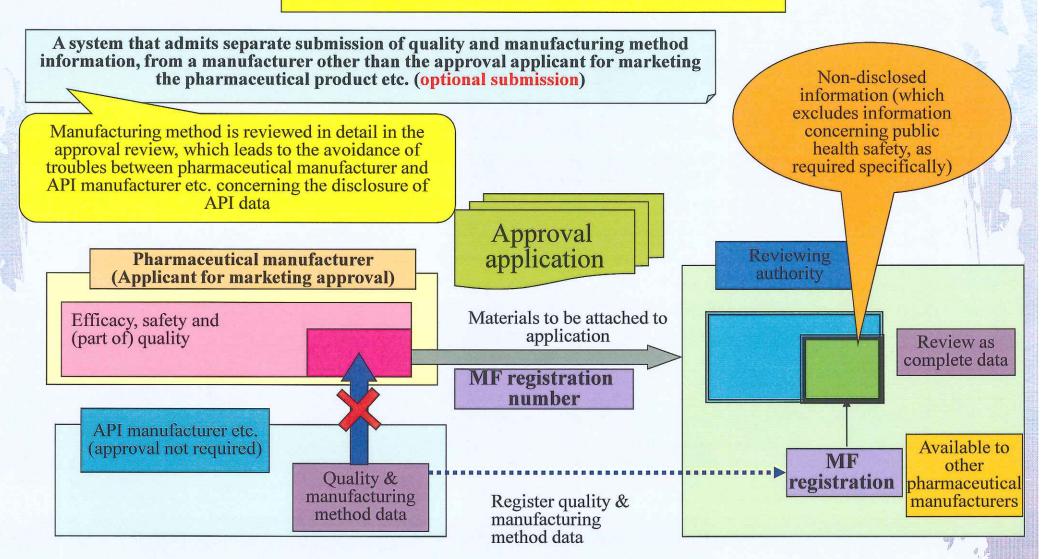
Step2

Stir [3] obtained in Step1 <(approx. 22 kg) >, "10%" hydrochloric acid <(200 L) > and tetrahydrofuran <(400 L) > for <24 hours at 25°C >. Add to the reacted solution "10%" sodium hydroxide solution <(200 L) >. Apply vacuum concentration to the mixture. Add to the residuals water <(100 L) >. Filter it and remove the insolubles. Adjust the filtrate to pH ±0.5 with "35%" hydrochloric acid. Apply centrifugal separation to precipitated crystals, and clean them with water. Apply vacuum drying to the crystals at <<40°C>>, and obtain rough crystals of 1 - [2' - (1H - tetrasol - 5 - yl) biphenyl - 4 - yl] methyl) - 5 - [(1E, 3E) - 1, 3 - pentadienyl] - 2 - hydroxymethyl - 1H - imidazol [4].

Scope of partial change approval application

Master File (MF) System

MF is used both in USA and EU - international harmonization





Eligibility of MF registration

- Manufacturers of drug substances(APIs) etc. in Japan and overseas
- Foreign businesses who apply for MF registration shall assign an in-country caretaker for drug substances(APIs) etc., who undertake clerical affairs for the relevant registration etc. in Japan. Ensure to assign an in-country caretaker for drug substances(APIs) etc. before applying for MF registration.

(Reference)

Section 2, Article 72, Enforcement Regulations for the Pharmaceutical Affairs Law

Items targeted for Master File (MF) Registration

- (Ethical) drug substances(APIs), intermediates and pharmaceutical product materials (materials of pharmaceutical products with special dosage form, etc.)
- **Excipients (new excipients, new pre-mix excipients)**
- Materials for medical devices ••• Currently under consideration
- Containers, packaging materials · · · Currently under consideration for medical devices
- * The use of MF shall be refrained for the time being for drug substances(APIs), intermediates and pharmaceutical product materials for OTC drugs (excluding those containing new active ingredients). (This excludes TSE materials)

Details registered in Master Files (MF)

- (1) Name of the drug substance(API) etc.
- (2) Name of the manufacturing site etc.
- (3) Information concerning the ingredients, contents and/or inherit properties
- (4) Manufacturing method, manufacturing process control and quality control test
- (5) Specifications and test method
- (6) Stability test, preservation method and shelf life
- (7) Nonclinical test (mainly for new excipients)
- (8) Information concerning safety
- (9) Category of manufacturer license or foreign manufacturer accreditation
- (10) Manufacturer license number or foreign manufacturer accreditation number and date
- (11) In-country caretaker for the drug substance(API) etc.

Issuance and publication of Master File (MF) registration certificate

Once MF is registered...

[To MF registrants]

Master File registration certificate and copy of registration application are issued [To the public]

- O Publication based on provisions under Section 3, Article 14-11 of the Pharmaceutical Affairs Law
 - → Published on the website of PMDA (http://www.pmda.go.jp/)
- O Published information:

MF registration number, date of registration (of change), name and address of registrant, name of registered item, category of registration

(Reference notification)

 Notification of Evaluation & Licensing Division, Pharmaceutical and Food Safety Bureau, MH LW; yakushoku shinsa-hatsu No.0210004, February 10 2005

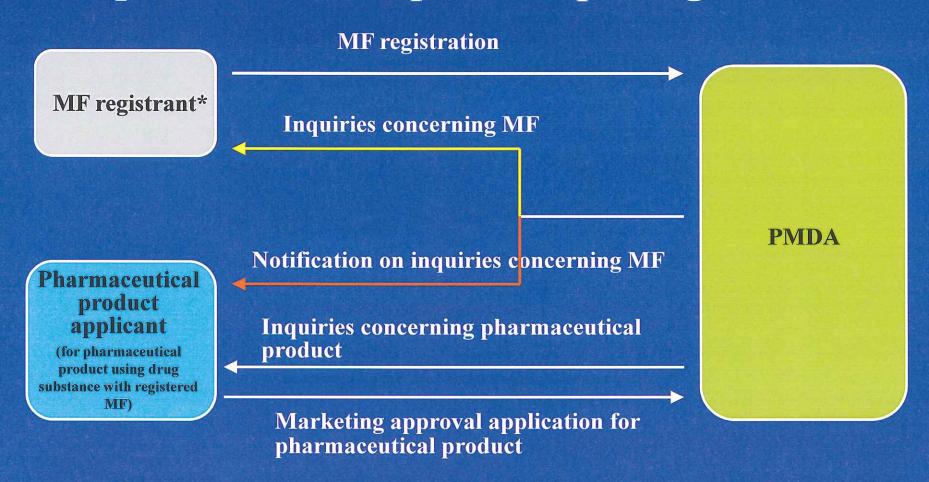


Items Targeted for MF Registration, Description of Each Item and Disclosure Status Attachment						
	Item for registration		Data items that can be registered as reference materials	Restricted part (example)	Disclosed part (example)	
	Items targeted for Master File (MF) registration, as specified in Section 1, Article 14-11 of the Law, are as follows: Name of the drug substance etc.		Statement that any change concerning manufacturing and control of the drug substance etc. be reported Data items based on the CTD	(Note) shown in both parts are basically disclosed. But information related to intellectual properties of MF registrant may not be disclosed		
	Name of the manufacturing site Location of the manufacturing site Category and number (as appropriate) of manufacturing license / accreditation Ingredients, contents or inherent property	3.2.S.1. 3.2.S.1.2 3.2.S.1.3 3.2.S.2.3 3.2.S.2.1	General information Name (INN, chemical name, development code etc.) Structure (structural formula, molecular formula, molecular weight) General characteristics (properties, physicochemical qualities such as solubility) Manufacturing Manufacturer		0 0 0	
	Manufacturing method Specifications and test methods Stability information	3.2.S.2.2 3.2.S.2.3 3.2.S.2.4 3.2.S.2.5 3.2.S.2.6 3.2.S.3	Manufacturing method and process control (Manufacturing flow and its description, process control etc.) Control of raw materials Control of critical processes and intermediates Process validation / process evaluation Development history of the manufacturing process Characteristics	0 00 0	0	*Note
	Storage method and shelf life Safety information	3.2.S.3.1 3.2.S.3.2 3.2.S.4.1 3.2.S.4.2 3.2.S.4.3 3.2.S.4.4 3.2.S.4.5 3.2.S.5 3.2.S.5 3.2.S.7 3.2.S.7.1 3.2.S.7.1 3.2.S.7.2 3.2.S.7.3	Clarification of structure and other characteristics (elemental analysis concerning structural determination, NMR etc.)	"Data related to to safety and efficacy analogs etc. should dicated in the app application itself necessary."	of of the original of the orig	*Note *Note

Status of information registered in Master File (MF)

- O Information registered in MF
 - > Partial substitution for marketing approval application for a pharmaceutical product
 - > <u>Partial substitution for attached materials</u> for marketing approval application for a pharmaceutical product
- O The registered information is reviewed in the approval review for the pharmaceutical product using the relevant MF. In the review of the pharmaceutical product, materials listed in Module 3 of CTD and materials equivalent to Module 2 of CTD (overview of attached materials) are also required.

[Overview of approval review for pharmaceutical product quoting MF]

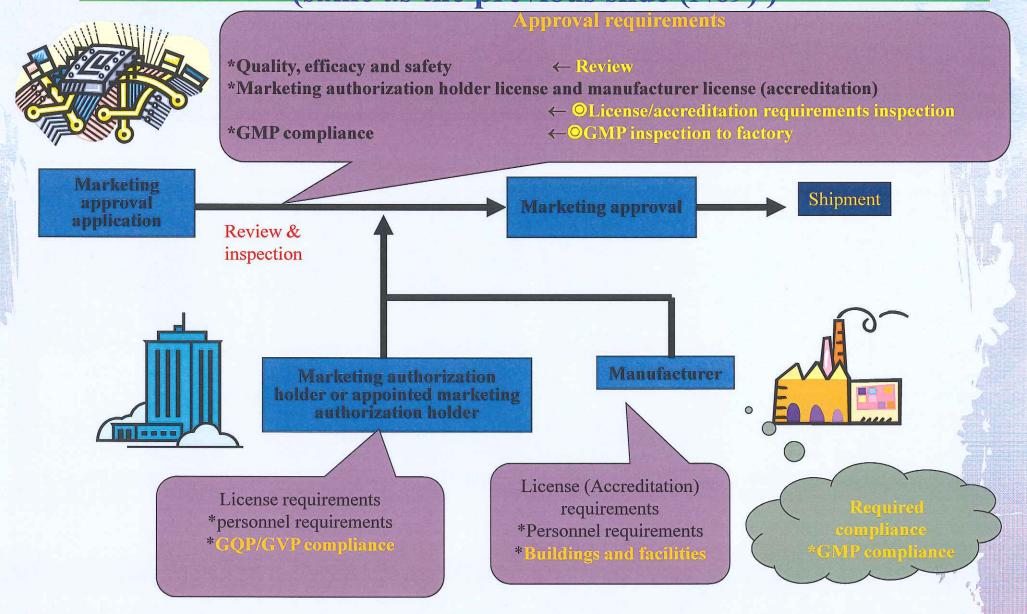


MF registrant*: If the registrant is an overseas manufacturer, inquiries are made by way of in-country caretaker for drug substances(APIs) etc.



- (1) While MF registration is optional, registration check only verifies whether specified formats are observed, and required materials are attached. Note that validity of the registered information is not reviewed, and that acceptance of MF registration does not signify approval by the review authority.
- (2) An MF registrant (in-country caretaker for overseas manufacturer of APIs etc.) shall notify any change to the registered information (which includes minor change notifications) to the marketing approval applicant and marketing approval holder of the relevant pharmaceutical product.

Marketing approval and its requirements (same as the previous slide (No9))



Ministerial Ordinances concerning GMP and License (Accreditation)

OGMP

"Ministerial Ordinance concerning Standards for Manufacturing Control and Quality Control for Drugs and Quasi Drugs"

••• Drugs and Quasi Drugs GMP Ministerial Ordinance
(MHLW Ordinance No.179, 2004)

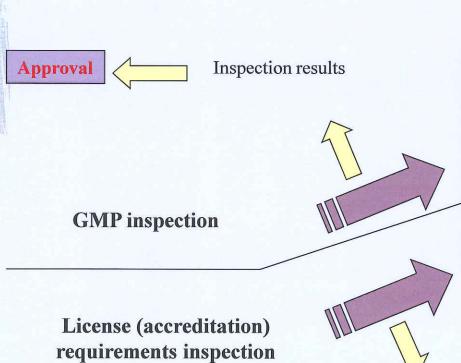
License (Accreditation)

"Regulations for Buildings and Facilities for Pharmacies etc."
(MHW Ordinance No.2, 1961)

→ Both GMP and Accreditation requires renewal every five years.

GMP inspection and license (accreditation) requirements inspection

Manufacturing site



GMP systems (procedures, documents etc.)

GMP equipment (specific buildings and facilities)

Buildings and facilities requirements

Personnel requirements

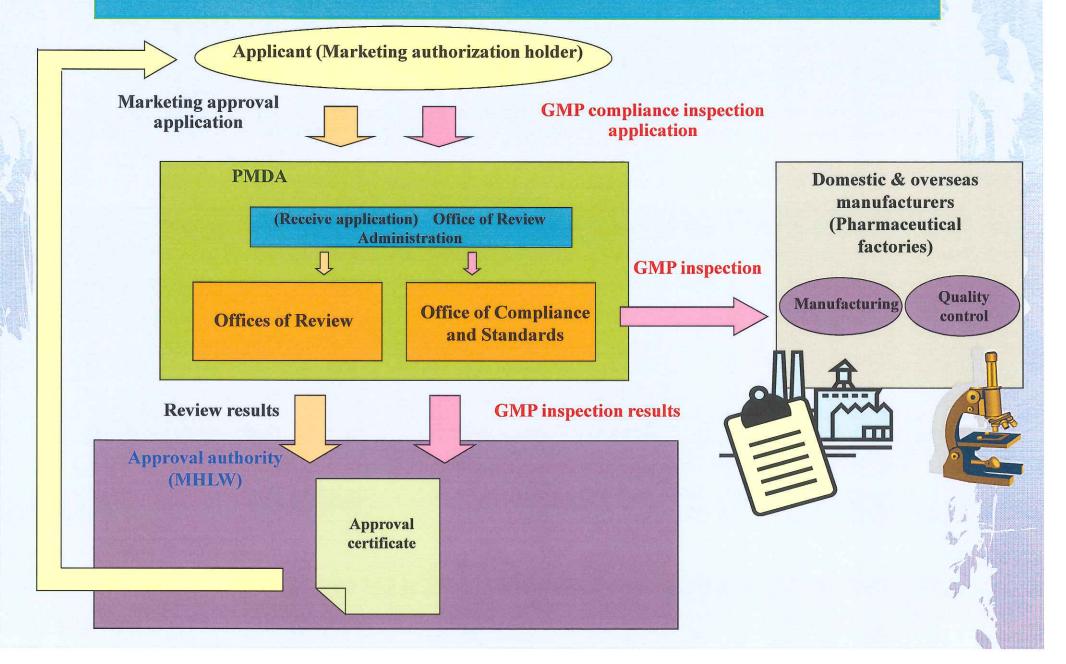
Inspection results

Manufacturers License (Accreditation)

GMP compliance inspection (pharmaceutical products) by PMDA*

- O Domestic facilities for manufacturing of the following items
- New drugs (Shifted from prefectural authorities to PMDA in April 2005)
 - (* New drugs before the publication of re-evaluation)
- Biological products
- Drugs designated by the Minister for national assay
- Radiopharmaceuticals
- Drugs manufactured by application of recombination DNA technology
- Drugs manufactured by application of cell culture technology
- Specified biological products
- Cell/tissue-based drugs
- O Overseas facilities in the scope of GMP (New since April 2005)
 - * Inspection is conducted by prefectural authorities for other manufacturing sites.

Flow of on-site GMP inspection for new drugs



Points to be considered for on-site GMP inspection for overseas manufacturing sites (overview)

- 1 In principle, inspection equivalent to that for domestic manufacturing sites shall be conducted.
- 2 In advance, the GMP Ministerial Ordinance of Japan and other information shall be provided to the relevant manufacturer.
- 3 Drug product master formula, standard codes, procedures and other documents required in the GMP Ministerial Ordinance of Japan shall be prepared.
- 4 Documents that verify agreements between the marketing authorization holder and manufacturer based on the GQP Ministerial Ordinance of Japan shall be prepared.
- 5 Assign a contact person who can reply to inspection inquiries (ensure preparations at the targeted manufacturing site for the planned inspection).
- 6 Assign an appropriate interpreter.
- 7 Translate the materials as necessary.
- 8 Formulate an efficient inspection schedule.

Typical findings at overseas manufacturing sites

- Discrepancy from approval application (ingredient and/or content specifications, manufacturing conditions etc.)
- **◆ Inadequacies concerning GQP agreements (agreements on technological conditions, change control etc.)**
- Nonconformities with the GMP Ministerial Ordinance of Japan, noncompliance with standards (in particular, Standards for Biological Ingredients, retention period for records etc.)

Accreditation

Accreditation of foreign manufacturers:

- Is issued by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare.
- Is issued separately for each manufacturing site, and for <u>each</u> <u>category</u>.
- Is valid for <u>five years</u>.
- Requires application procedures and accreditation fee.
- PMDA inspects whether the site is in conformity with the standards specified by the MHLW Ordinance (Regulations for Buildings and Facilities for Pharmacies etc.).
 - → At present, only document inspection is conducted.

Five types for pharmaceutical products (excluding *in vitro* diagnosis)

- 1. **Biological products etc.** (Item 1, Section 1, Article 36 of the Enforcement Regulations)

 Those who undertake whole or part of the manufacturing process for biological products, drugs for national assay, drugs manufactured by application of recombination DNA technology, drugs manufactured by application of cell culture technology, cell/tissue-based drugs, and specified biological products
- **2. Radiopharmaceuticals** (Item 2, Section 1, Article 36 of the Enforcement Regulations) Those who undertake whole or part of the manufacturing process for radiopharmaceuticals
- 3. **Sterile drugs** (Item 3, Section 1, Article 36 of the Enforcement Regulations) Those who undertake whole or part of the manufacturing process for sterile drugs
- **4. General** (Item 4, Section 1, Article 36 of the Enforcement Regulations)

 Those who undertake whole or part of the manufacturing process for pharmaceutical products other than those listed in 1 through 3 above
- 5. Packaging, labeling and storage (Item 5, Section 1, Article 36 of the Enforcement Regulations)

Those who undertake only packaging, labeling and storage

Materials to be submitted for application (Article 35, Enforcement Regulations)

- (1) Medical certificate by physician for the applicant
- (2) Personal history of responsible persons for the manufacturing site
- (3) List of manufactured items and documents concerning the manufacturing process
- (4) Documents concerning the buildings and facilities of the manufacturing site

List of buildings and facilities (form to be attached to the application form, as indicated by the Notification from the Director-General of the Pharmaceutical and Food Safety Bureau, Yakushoku Hatsu No.0619002, dated June 19, 2007; http://www.pmda.go.jp/operations/shonin/info/foreign/gaikokuseizou.html)

- (5) When radiopharmaceuticals are handled, overview of facilities required for handling such radiopharmaceuticals
- (6) Copy of license certificate etc. issued by the government of the country in which the relevant foreign manufacturer operates

Reference materials follow.



http://www.pmda.go.jp/operations/shonin/info/iyaku/GMP.html

業者の認定等 | 原要等登録原簿 (MF)

Application for GMP compliance inspection (overview explanation slides)

情報公開 PMDAの業務

_____1. GMP調査申諮について

GMP関連

承印索亦学验

健康被害救済業務

② GMP適合性調査内容が分かる資料(平成21年7月1日版)(PDF形式)

"Materials required by the PMDA in the application for compliance inspection of pharmaceutical products",
Administrative Communication from Office of Compliance and Standards,
PMDA, dated July 29, 2008

2. 医薬品流合性調査申請において総合機器が必要とする資料について

プースの日7月29日付独立行政法人医薬品医療機器総合機構品質管理部事務連絡「医薬品適合性調査申請に払いて総合機構が必要とする資料について」

本ページからリンクされる英語の文書は全て仮画訳であるので、外国製造業者への説明の際にはあくまで参考資料として活用して頂きたい。

- 型 平成20年7月29日付独立行政法人医業品医療機器総合機構品質管理部事務連絡「医薬品流合性調査申請において総合機構が必要とする資料について」(英語版・PDF形式)
- ⊕ 極 様式3英語版(WORD形式)

○ Q&A(平成20年9月18日版)

Overview of GMP compliance inspection, prepared for foreign manufacturers (website version) ご意見・ご要望

ケイボルシー

3. 外国製造業者向けに作成したGMP適合性調査の優要

◇ 外国製造業者に対する医薬品(原薬を含む)GMP適合性調査について

● GMP適合性調査で提出する資料

⑤ GMP適合性調査で提出する資料(英語版・PDF形式)

Administrative Communications etc. concerning Periodic Compliance Inspection from Office of Compliance and Standards, dated May 26, 2009; Sept. 4, 2009; Jan. 26, 2010

"Q&As concerning periodic GMP compliance inspection for drug substances", Administrative Communication from the Compliance and

4. 定期調査に係る医薬品適合性調査申請に関する事務連絡等

- MRT 平5月26日付独立行政法人医薬品医療機器総合機構品質管理部事務連絡「定期調査に係る医薬品適合性調査申請時の智意点についてJOPDF形式)

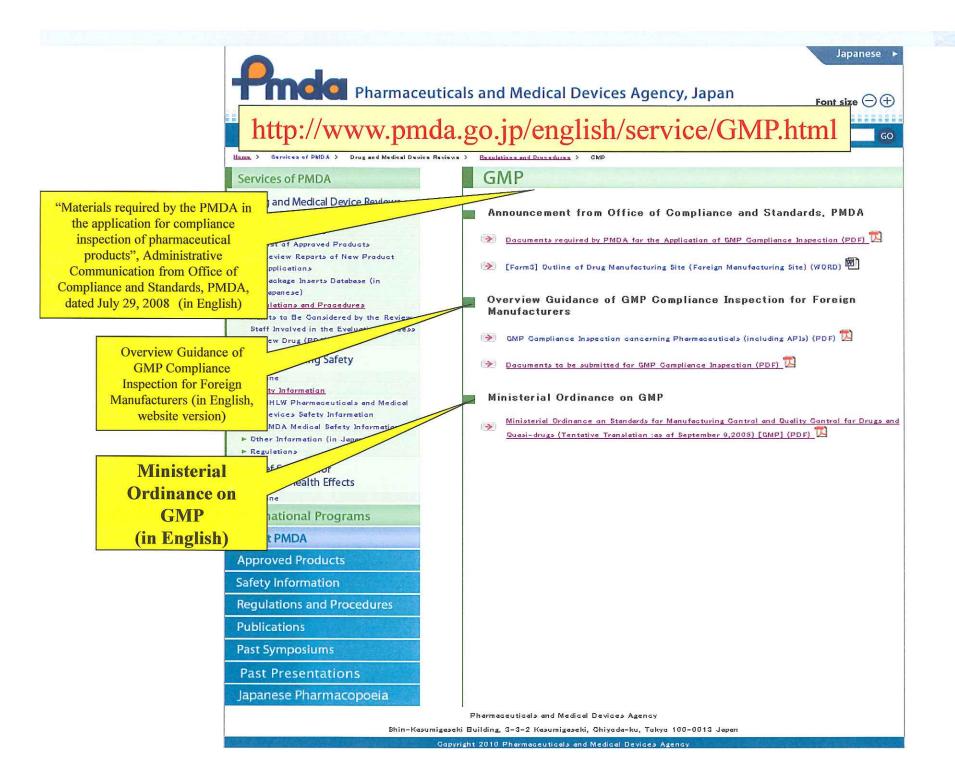
- 図 別添2 製造販売業者によるGMP適合性等の確認書(WORD形式)
- ▷ 🔁 平成21年9月4日付独立行政法人医薬品医療機器総合機構品質管理部審査業務部事務連絡「医薬品適合性調査申請に係る御願い1(PDF形式)
- 型 平成22年1月26日付独立行政法人医薬品医療機器総合機構品質管理部事務連絡「定期調査に係る医薬品適合性調査申請に係る注意事項について」PDF形式

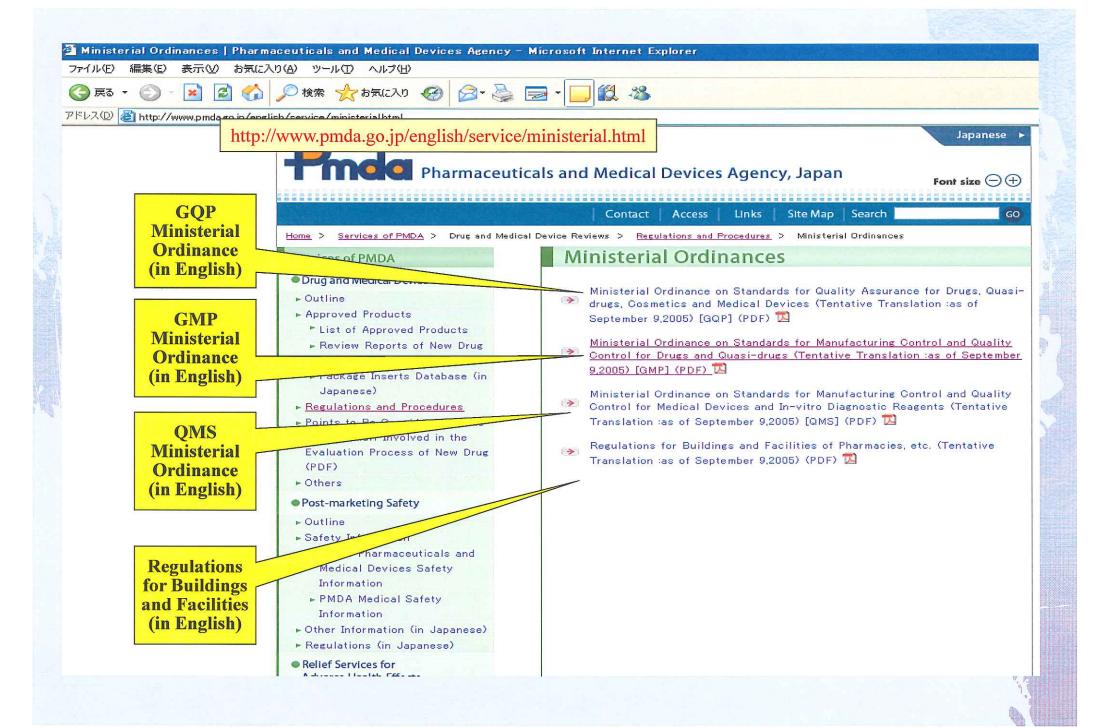
Narcotics Division, MHLW, dated Sep. 18, 2009

"Issuance and provision procedures for GMP certificates for investigational products", Administrative Communication from the Compliance and Narcotics Division, MHLW, and Notification from the PMDA, dated Mar. 30, 2009 年9月18日付厚生労働省医薬食品局監視指導・麻薬対策課事務連絡「原薬に係る定期のGMP適合性調査の質疑応答集(Q&A)についてJ(PDF形式)

3月30日付厚生労働省医薬食品局監視指導・麻薬対策課事務連絡「治験業GMP証明書の発給について」(PDF形式)

年3月30日付業機発第0330023号独立行政法人医薬品医療機器総合機構通知[治験薬GMP証明書の発給の手続きについて](PDF形式)





🧖 外国製造業者認定番号の公表 | 独立行政法人 医薬品医療機器総合機構 - Microsoft Internet Explorer ファイル(E) 編集(E) 表示(V) お気に入り(A) ツール(T) ヘルプ(H) ☆ ② 🏠 🎤 検索 🌟 お気に入り 🚱 ② マ 🧟 🔜 🔻 http://www.pmda.go.jp/operations/shonin/info/foreign/gaikokuseizounintei.html mod 医薬品医療機器総合機構 サイト内検索 Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency List of accreditation ホーム> PMDAの業務> 承認審査業務> 承認審査業務情報> 外国製造業者の認定等 > 外国製造業者認定番号の公表 医薬品 | 医薬部外品・化粧品 | 医療機器 | 体外診断用医薬品 | 機構来訪予定の皆様へ numbers etc. of foreign PMDAの紹介 外国製造業者の認定等 | 原薬等登録原簿(MF)について | 輸出証明 | 治験関連情報 | 新 情報公開 manufacturers PMDAの業務 外国製造業者認定番号の公表 承認審査業務 更新を受けている外国製造業者を以下のとおり公表します。 薬事法第13条の3の規定に基づく医薬品・医療機器等外国製造業者の認 なお、公表は作成日現在までの認定、更新、区分追加又は変更 →棄正届の処理が終了しているものであり、 認定や製造販売承認申請等にあたっては 都度、本邦に医薬品、医療機器等を輸入する製造販売業者 で直接当該外国製造業者に認定状況等を確認するようお願いいたします。 健康被害救済業務 図定外国製造業者リスト(H2151 現在)(PDF形式) 健康被害救済制度 ○ 認定外国製造業者リスト(H21.5.12現在)(Excel形式) ※ZIP形式で圧縮していますので、解凍してご利用ください。 採用情報 調達情報 本件に関する問い合わせ先 パブリックコメント 厚生労働省医薬食品局 審査管理課 ICH情報 電話:03-5253-1111(代) 二意見:二事望 医薬品、医薬部外品 (内線)2742 お問い合わせ 医療機器·体外診断薬(内線)2786 リンク集

※公表一覧の総合機構HP掲載については、 2 平成18年4月26日厚生労働省医薬食品局審査管理課事務連絡(PDF形式)に基づき依頼され、掲載しています。

サイトポリシー

サイトマップ ホーム アドレス(<u>D</u>)

http://www.pmda.go.jp/operations/shonin/info/foreign/gaikokuseizou.html

独立行政法人 医薬品医療機器総合機構 Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

ついて

文字サイズ変列

細則

サイト内検索

ホーム>PMDAの業務>承認審査業務>承認審査業務情報>外国製造業者の認定等

Explanation on application for accreditation of foreign manufacturers (in Japanese)

PMDAの紹介

情報公開

PMDAの業務

承認審查業務

安全対策業務

健康被害救済業務

健康被害救済制度

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ICH情報

ご意見・ご要望

お問い合わせ

リンク集

サイトポリシー

サイトマップ

ホーム

医薬品医療機器情報提供 ホームページ (安全対策関連情報等)

日本語局方・医療機器基準等 情報提供ホームページ

外国製造業者の認定申請について

医薬品 | 医薬部外品・化粧品 |

外国製造業者の認定等 上

1. 認定とは

外国において日本に輸出される医薬品、医療機器又は医薬部外品を製造しようとする者を外国製造業者といい、国内製造業者の許可と同様に、外国製造業等事法第13条の3による認定を受けていることが当該医薬品等の製造販売承認の要件となっています。ただし、平成17年4月1日の時点で、日本に輸出されてい品等の外国製造業者から当該品目を輸入する旧薬事法の輸入販売業者の許可の残存期間中は、当該外国製造業者について認定を受けたものとみなされまず下、「みなし認定の外国製造業者」という。)

また、日本に輸出される原薬のみを製造する外国製造業者も認定が必要です。

外国製造業者の認定権限者は厚生労働大臣であり、認定のための外国製造所の構造設備の調査は機構が行います。認定は、区分に従って、製造所ごとに生ます。→<u>認定の区分</u>

なお、認定申請に先立ち、当該外国製造業者及び製造所の業者コードの登録が必要です。→ 詳しくは、本ホームページ内「承認審査業務情報」の「<u>医薬品</u>」」 部外品」「医療機器」「体外診断用医薬品」の各項目の「製造販売手順について(PDF形式)」欄中の<業者コードの取得について>を参照してください。

2. 認定申請について

(1)提出

薬事法施行規則の様式第18による認定申請書(厚生労働大臣宛て)正副2通及び薬事法施行規則の様式第16(2)による認定調査申請書(機構理事長宛て)の審査業務部業務第二課へ提出します。→ ② 申請書の作成例(PDF形式)

外国製造業者の認定の手続については、当該外国製造業者の製造する医薬品、医療機器等の製造販売業者等が代行することができますが、申請者はあくま 国製造業者になります。また、認定の有効期間である5年ごとに、更新を受ける必要があります。なお、更新の具体的な手続きは下記(4)を参照して下さい。

機構に対する認定調査申請手数料は、実地調査か書面調査かによって、その金額が異なりますが、原則として、外国製造業者認定に係る外国製造所の構造調査のためだけに実地調査を行うことは予定していませんので、調査申請に際しては書面調査の手数料の振り込みをお願いします。→各種審査等手数料にご認定に必要な標準的事務処理期間としては明記されたものはありませんが、国内の大臣許可製造所に対する許可について、申請から許可までの事務処理期間をを概ね5か月程度としていることから、外国製造業者の認定についても、申請から5ヶ月程度を目安として下さい。

なお、新規に認定を取得する場合であって、同時に2以上の区分を1つの申請で申請することは できませんので、1つの区分の認定申請と同時に区分追加の(請(下記(3)参照)を提出して下さい。